SD-H Series Honeycomb Dehumidifiers

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1. General Description

Please read through this operation manual before using the machine to prevent damages of the machine or personal injuries.

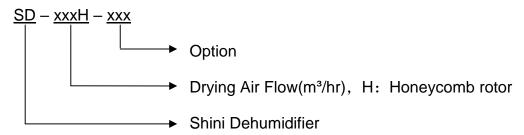
SD-H series honeycomb dehumidifiers are mainly used to dry hygroscopic engineering plastics. A honeycomb-rotor is used to offer effective drying, which under ideal conditions, can supply dehumidified dry air with a dew-point lower than -40°C. This series comprises 13 models of honeycomb dehumidifiers, the largest of which can provide dry air up to a quantity of 4,000 m³/hr.



Model: SD-40H



1.1 Coding Principle



1.2 Feature

- Adopts P.I.D. temperature controller to accurately control regenerative temperature.
- I The dehumidifying system of the SD-H series features two coolers to ensure a low return air temperature and low dew-point.
- I Inbuilt return air filter ensures no contamination to the honeycomb.
- I It is better to adopt molecular sieve structure honeycomb than silica gel adsorption one in dehumidifying.

All service work should be carried out by a person with technical training or corresponding professional experience. The manual contains instructions for both handling and servicing. Chapter 6, which contains service instructions intended for service engineers. Other chapters contain instructions for the daily operator.

Any modifications of the machine must be approved by SHINI in order to avoid personal injury and damage to machine. We shall not be liable for any damage caused by unauthorized change of the machine.

Our company provides excellent after-sales service. Should you have any problem during using the machine, please contact the company or the local vendor.

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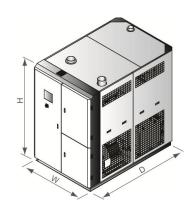
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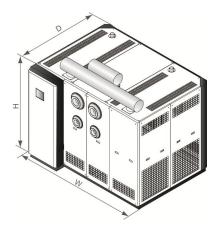


1.3 Technical Specifications

1.3.1 Outline Drawing







SD-40H~700H

SD-1000H~2000H

SD-3000H~4000H

Picture 1-1: Durline drawing

1.3.2 Specifications

Table 1-1: Specifications

Model SD-	40H	80H	120H	200H	400H	700H	1000H	1500H	2000H	3000H	4000H
Ver.	F	E	Е	Е	D	G	G	Н	G	F	А
Regen. Heater(kW)	3	3	3	4	7.2	10	15	30	28	32	56
Regen. Blower	0.4	0.4	0.4 /	0.4 /	0.75 /	1.5 /	3.75 /	7.5	7.5	9/	5.5×2/
(kW, 50 / 60Hz)	/ 0.4	/ 0.4	0.4	0.5	0.9	0.8	4.7	7.5	/8.6	11	6.3×2
Drying Heater* (kW)	4	6	6	12	18	24	32	58	80	96	128
Drying Blower	0.18/	0.75 /	0.75 /	1.5 /	3.75 /	7.5 /	13	44/	13×2 /	13×3 /	13×4 /
(kW, 50 / 60Hz)	0.18	0.9	0.9	1.8	4.5	8.6	/ 16	11/-	15×2	15×3	15×4
Dry Air Capacity	40 / 47	80 / 95	120 /	200 /	400 /	700 /	1000 /	4500	2000 /	3000 /	4000 /
(m ³ / hr, 50 / 60Hz)	40 / 47	80 / 95	130	220	450	780	1150	1500	2300	3400	4500
Pipe Dia. (inch)	2	2	2	2.5	3	4	5	8	8	8	12
Cooling Water Quantity (L/min)	5	10	15	30	50	80	120	180	240	360	480
Dimensions											
H (mm)	1260	1360	1360	1560	1745	1935	2145	2060	2060	2240	2060
W (mm)	510	530	530	660	700	900	1300	1410	1410	2035	2750
D (mm)	860	820	820	1050	1255	1380	1550	2150	2150	2160	2250
Weight (kg)	145	170	170	265	330	480	700	1010	1300	1600	2200

Note: 1) Plastic materials can be fully dried by drying

air with dew-point temperature \leq -20 $^{\circ}$ C.

When ambient temperature ≤-25°C and relative humidity≤-60%,

the drying air dewpoint temp. ≤-40°C.

2) "*" Stands for drying heater is optional equipment for working with "European type" hoppers.

3) Power: 3Φ, 230 / 400 / 460 / 575VAC, 50 / 60Hz.

We reserve the right to change specifications without prior notice.



1.3.3 Drying Capacity

Table 1-2: Specifications

	Drying	T:	Specific	Material	Moisture Content	Moisture Content					Dryi	ng capac	ity (kg/hr)				
Material	temp. (°C)	Time (hr)	Heat (J/kg.℃)	Specific Gravity (kg/dm ³)	Before Drying (%)	After Drying (%)	SD- 40H	80H	120H	200H	400H	700H	1000H	1500H	2000H	3000H	4000H
ABS	80	2-3	0.34	0.6	0.3	0.02	16	27	35	105	210	355	425	710	1065	1500	1600
CA	75	2-3	0.5	0.5	1	0.02	12	22	30	90	180	295	355	590	885	1200	1330
CAB	75	2-3	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.02	12	22	30	90	180	295	355	590	885	1200	1330
СР	75	2-3	0.6	0.6	1	0.02	16	27	35	106	210	355	425	710	1060	1500	1600
LCP	150	4	0.6	0.6	0.04	0.02	11	20	27	80	160	265	320	530	800	1150	1200
POM	100	2	0.35	0.6	0.2	0.02	24	40	53	160	320	530	640	1060	1600	1800	2400
PMMA	80	3	0.35	0.65	0.5	0.02	17	29	38	115	230	383	460	767	1150	1530	1730
IONOMER	90	3-4	0.55	0.5	0.1	0.04	10	17	22	66	133	220	265	442	663	750	1000
PA 6/6.6/6.10	75	4-6	0.4	0.65	1	0.05	9	14	19	58	115	192	230	383	575	960	1040
PA11	75	4-5	0.58	0.65	1	0.05	10	17	23	69	138	230	275	460	690	780	1150
PA12	75	4-5	0.28	0.65	1	0.05	10	17	23	69	138	230	275	460	690	780	1150
PC	120	2-3	0.28	0.7	0.3	0.01	19	31	41	124	250	413	495	826	1238	1400	1860
PU	90	2-3	0.45	0.65	0.3	0.02	17	29	38	115	230	383	460	767	1150	1530	2080
PBT	130	3-4	0.3-0.5	0.7	0.2	0.02	13	23	31	93	186	310	372	620	930	1100	1600
PE	90	1	0.55	0.6	0.01	<0.01	47	80	106	318	637	1062	1275	2125	3185	3600	4800
PEI	150	3-4	0.6	0.6	0.25	0.02	11	20	27	80	160	265	320	530	800	1030	1370
PET	160	4-6	0.3-0.5	0.85	0.2	0.02	11	19	25	75	150	250	300	500	750	1150	1360
PETG	70	3-4	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.02	11	20	27	80	160	265	320	530	800	1030	1370
PEN	170	5	0.85	0.85	0.1	0.05	13	23	30	90	180	300	360	600	900	1150	1360
PES	150	4	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.02	13	23	30	90	180	300	360	600	900	1050	1400
PMMA	80	3	0.65	0.65	0.5	0.02	17	29	28	115	230	385	460	765	1150	1530	1730
PPO	110	1-2	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.04	19	33	44	133	265	440	530	885	1330	1730	2660
PPS	150	3-4	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.02	11	20	27	80	160	265	320	530	800	1030	1370
PI	120	2	0.27	0.6	0.4	0.02	24	40	53	160	320	530	640	1060	1600	1800	2400
PP	90	1	0.46	0.5	0.1	0.02	39	66	88	265	530	885	1060	1770	2655	3500	4000
PS(GP)	80	1	0.28	0.5	0.1	0.02	39	66	88	265	531	885	1062	1770	2655	3500	4000
PSU	120	3-4	0.31	0.65	0.3	0.02	12	22	29	85	173	290	345	575	865	1300	1485
PVC	70	1-2	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.02	19	33	44	135	265	442	530	885	1330	1730	2660
SAN(AS)	80	1-2	0.32	0.5	0.1	0.05	19	33	44	135	265	442	530	885	1330	1730	2660
TPE	110	3	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.02	18	30	40	125	250	413	495	826	1238	1650	1860

Notes: 1) Use separated drying hopper.

²⁾ Specific model selection, please consult the letter easy service personnel.



1.4 Safety Regulations



Note!

Electrical installation of the machine should be done by qualified electricians.

Before connect through power supply, make sure that power switch specifications and security ratings are suitable and reliable, and also the main switch is turned to OFF. Turn off main switch and auto-start switch before service and maintenance.

1.4.1 Safety Signs and Labels



Danger!

High voltage danger!

This label is stuck on the electrical boxes.



Attention!

This label means that this area should be taken care!



Warning!

High temperature, take care of hands!

This label should be stick to the shell of heater.



Attention!

No need for regular inspection because all the electrical parts in the control unit are fixed tightly!

1.4.2 Signs and Labels

(C)	Water outlet: cooling water outlet.
(C)	Water inlet: inlet for replenishing water and cooling water.



1.4.3 Transportation and Storage of the Machine

Transportation

- SD-H series honeycomb dehumidifiers are packed in crates or plywood cases with wooden pallet at the bottom, suitable for quick positioning by fork lift.
- After unpacked, castors equipped on the machine can be used for ease of movement.
- 3) Do not rotate the machine and avoid collision with other objects during transportation to prevent improper functioning.
- 4) The structure of the machine is well-balanced, although it should also be handled with care when lifting the machine for fear of falling down.
- 5) The machine and its attached parts can be kept at a temperature from -25°C to +55°C for long distance transportation and for a short distance, it can be transported with temperature under +70°C.

Storage

- 1) SD-H series honeycomb dehumidifiers should be stored indoors with temperature kept from 5℃ to 40℃ and humidity below 80%.
- 2) Disconnect all power supply and turn off main switch and control switch.
- 3) Keep the whole machine, especially the electrical components away from water to avoid potential troubles caused by the water.
- 4) Plastic film should be used to protect the machine from dust and rains.

Working environment

Indoors in a dry environment with max. temperature $+45^{\circ}$ C and humidity no more than 80%.

Do not use the machine

- 1) If it is with a damaged cord.
- 2) On a wet floor or when it is exposed to rain to avoid electrical shock.
- 3) If it has been dropped or damaged until it is checked or fixed by a qualified serviceman.
- 4) This equipment works normally in the environment with altitude within 3000m.



- At least a clearance of 1m surrounding the equipment is required during operation. Keep this equipment away from flammable sources at least two meters.
- 6) Avoid vibration, magnetic disturbance at the operation area.

Rejected parts disposal

When the equipment has run out its life time and can not be used any more, unplug the power supply and dispose of it properly according to local code.

Fire hazard



In case of fire, CO₂ dry powder fire extinguisher should be applied.

1.4.4 Safety Regulations for the Blowers

- 1) Under normal operation, the blowers will generate high temperature. Do not touch blower's case to avoid any physical injury.
- 2) Under normal operation, the blower motor's current loading will increase or reduce according to air pressure's change accordingly. While installation, an adequate motor overload protection switch should be installed with full loading test, to ensure operating safely under full-loading to avoid motor's damage.
- 3) To avoid any block materials, dust, powder, fiber particles and water drops entering the blower, and hence cause the deficiency of its performance. This machine is well designed with air filters, so please clean up the filter with any foreign particles (recommended to clean up this filter weekly).
- 4) Clean the blowers both internal and external parts (especially for the fan cooling path), and remove surface dust if necessary. If more dusts are accumulated, it will cause deficiency for ventilation, temperature rising, vacuum power reduced, vibration increased and so it will cause machine broke down.
- 5) Ball bearing, oil seal and soundproof are belonging to consumable parts and so it has a life period and requires regular replacement. Meanwhile, blade, external case, and metallic screen etc. should be replaced regularly for best performance.



- 6) Under normal operation, if the blowers are not running smoothly or abnormal noise appeared. Please immediately shut down the machine for repair.
- 7) Don't manual discharge material inside the hopper while its not or opening cleaning door while the material is not.



Picture 1-2: Safety Regulations for The Blowers



1.5 Exemption Clause

The following statements clarify the responsibilities and regulations born by any buyer or user who purchases products and accessories from Shini (including employees and agents).

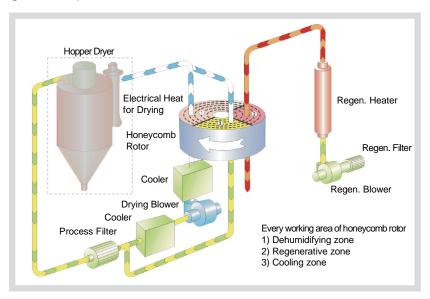
Shini is exempted from liability for any costs, fees, claims and losses caused by reasons below:

- 1) Any careless or man-made installations, operation and maintenances upon machines without referring to the Manual prior to machine using.
- 2) Any incidents beyond human reasonable controls, which include man-made vicious or deliberate damages or abnormal power, and machine faults caused by irresistible natural disasters including fire, flood, storm and earthquake.
- Any operational actions that are not authorized by Shini upon machine, including adding or replacing accessories, dismantling, delivering or repairing.
- 4) Employing consumables or oil media that are not appointed by Shini.



2. Structure Characteristics and Working Principle

2.1 Working Principle



Picture 2-1: Working Principle Illustration

The moisture contained in the air which is waited for treating) will be absorbed by hygroscopic materials, hereafter, be de-absorbed by the regenerated hot air. And the two airstream work together in the rotation wheel. So, with the rotation of the wheel, moisture will be absorbed and de-absorbed continuously, and drain out via de-absorbing by regenerated air to form a steady low dew point airstream for using.

2.2 Relative Humidity and Dew-point

Relative humidity: Relative air humidity means real vapor content to saturated vapor at the same temperature in percentage.

Dew point: it means that temperature when the saturation vapor begins to dew. When the relative humidity is 100%, the ambient temperature is the dew point temperature. The more lower of dew point temperature (than the ambient temperature) is, the more less possible to dew, that also means the more drier the air is. The dew point will not be influenced by temperature, but influenced by pressure.



2.3 Why Choose SD-H

For these quality deficiencies as bubble, crazing, cracking, poor transparency are due to insufficient drying of plastic materials before molding, and the engineering plastics such as: PC, PA, PBT, PET, Nylon, etc. The hygroscopic materials used in the plastics industry such as PC, PA, PBT, PET, Nylon, etc. cannot be dried effectively by conventional hot air drying systems because the moisture enters inside the particles. According to suggestion of the manufacturer, the plastic materials can be completely dried by drying air with dew-point temperature ≤-20°C. However, the SCD sufficiently dehumidifies and dries the air inside the closed-loop system, and the dry air eliminates the moisture fast and completely as to reach the drying and dehumidifying effect.



3. Installation Testing

This series of models only could be applied in working environment with good ventilation.

Notes: After the new machine is put into operation or within two weeks after drying the virgin plastics, make sure to check whether there are a large amount of oily substances on the surface of the dry-air return filter. If there's the problem, stop using the machine and please contact Shini company to purchase the EOF oil filter to protect the honeycomb from being affected by the oil and gas separated from the material, so as to prolong the service life.

3.1 Machine Location



Picture 3-1: Installation Drawing

Installation Notice:

- The machine can only be installed in the vertical position, make sure there's no pipeline, fixed structure and other object which may obstruct machine installation or cause items, human injuries above the selected location and adjacent areas.
- 2) For easy maintenance, leaving 1m space around machine is suggested. Keep machine 2m away from the inflammable materials.
- 3) The machine must be placed on the ground level to ensure balance state, and to remove the accumulated condensing water. If machine is need to



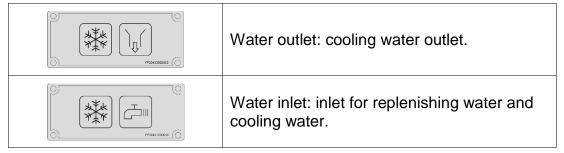
install on a higher level (scaffolding or interlayer), it should make sure that the structure and size could withstand the machine.

3.2 Power Connectors

- Make sure voltage and frequency of the power source comply with those indicated on the manufacturer nameplate, which is attached to the machine.
- Power cable and earth connections should conform to your local regulations.
- 3) Use independent power cable and ON/OFF switch. The cable's size should not smaller than those wired in the electrical requirement of control panel.
- 4) The power cable connection terminals should be tightened securely.
- 5) The machine requires a 3-phase 4-wire power source, connect the power lead (L1, L2, L3) to the live wires, and the earth (PE) to the ground.
- 6) Power supply requirements:Main power voltage: ± 5%Main power frequency: ± 5%
- 7) Refer to the electrical wiring diagram to complete the electrical installation.

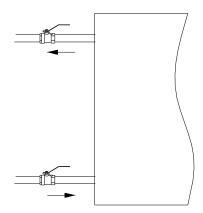
3.3 Water connections

The cooling water pressure is $3\sim5$ bar and the cooling water temperature should be $10\sim30^{\circ}$ C.



Cooling water needs to be connected the before operation. The water port is at the back of the machine.





Picture 3-2: Cooling Water Connection



3.3.1 Cooling Water Connection

Connect through the cooling water before machine operation. For the efficiency, please follow below suggestions:

- For easy maintenance and safety, install the ball valve at cooling water inlet and outlet.
- 2) Water pipe diameter should not less than the diameter of cooling water inlet and outlet.
- For water quality, it needs to sediment or filter the water before it gets into the pipe, to prevent the deposits accumulated on pipeline of cooler and performance degradation.

Cooling Water Specifications						
Model	Flowrate of Cooling Water (L/min)	Model	Flowrate of cooling Water (L/min)			
SD-30H	4	SD-400H	50			
SD-40H	5	SD-500H	60			
SD-50H	6	SD-700H	80			
SD-80H	10	SD-1000H	120			
SD-120H	15	SD-1500H	180			
SD-150H	20	SD-2000H	240			
SD-200H	30	SD-3000H	360			
SD-300H	40	SD-4000H	480			

Note: 1.Difference in temperature: 5°C 2.Cooling water pressure: 3~5Kgf/cm²

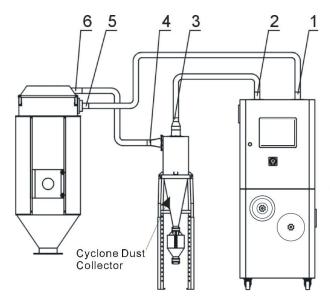
3.3.2 Condensation Drainage Pipe

During normal operation, it will generate condensation water. Connect the water pipe at drainage outlet to remove the condensation water is necessary.

- Drainage pipe inner diameter should not less than the diameter of drainage outlet.
- 2) Drainage pipe should be long enough to approach the drainage channel, and be the hose. Be careful not to press or bend the pipe for smooth water flow (Use the rigid pipe if there's need to press or bend the hose).
- 3) As condensation water drainage is in terms of gravity, make sure the drainage outlet is above the pipe. Otherwise the water can't be drained out and will flow back to the machine.



3.4 Cyclone Dust Collector



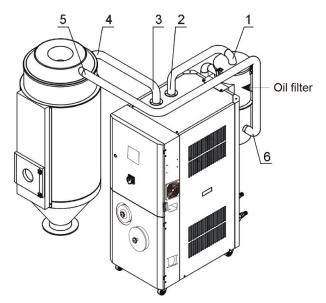
Picture 3-3: Installation Diagram of Cyclone Dust Collector

Cyclone Dust Collector Installation steps:

- 1) Connect 1 and 5 with a heat-resistant duct and fixed both the ends with stainless steel tube.
- 2) Connect 2 and 3 with a heat-resistant duct and fixed both the ends with stainless steel tube.
- 3) Connect 4 and 6 with a heat-resistant duct and fixed both the ends with stainless steel tube.



3.5 Oil Filter



Picture 3-4: Installation Diagram of Oil Filter

Oil filter installation steps:

- 1) Screw the oil filter on the top plate of the honeycomb dehumidifier.
- 2) Connect 1 and 2 with a heat-resistant duct and fixed both the ends with stainless steel tube.
- 3) Connect 3 and 4 with a heat-resistant duct and fixed both the ends with stainless steel tube.
- 4) Connect 5 and 6 with a heat-resistant duct and fixed both the ends with stainless steel tube.



4. Operation

4.1 Control Panel



Picture 4-1: Control Panel

4.1.1 Panel Operation

- 1) Turn on main switch of control box.
- 2) Press<ON/OFF> key, it starts drying process, indicator turns green;
- 3) Press <ON/OFF>key again, it stops drying process, indicator turns yellow.

4.1.2 Temperature Setting

- The setup number will flicker after pressing <Meun> key, add or decrease temperature by pressing<Up>or<Down>key.
- 2) Press < Setup> key again to confirm the input value.

4.1.3 Temperature Lock

- 1) Press <menu>key for 2 seconds, it displays "TIME".
- 2) Press <Up>key repeatly, till it display "LOCK";
- 3) Press <Setup> key, the set value flickers, press <Up>or <Down>key to select "YES"(lock temperature setting) and "NO" (don't lock).
- 4) Press <Setup> key to confirm the input value.
- 5) Press <Menu> key to return operation menu.

Notes: When "LOCK" is set as "YES, temperature setting value will be locked which not accessible to change.





4.1.4 PID Setting

- Press both <Menu> and <Down> keys for 3 seconds, it shows "P" (proportion) setting;
- 2) Press <Setup> key, the set value flickers, then press <Up>or <Down> key to add or decrease the value.
- 3) Press <Setup> key to confirm the input value.
- 4) Press <Up> key again and again, it displays "I" (integral time) and "D" (differential time) setting accordingly.
- 5) Repeat above step 2 and step 3, input and confirm related parameters.
- 6) Press <Menu> key, it returns operation menu.

Notes: The PID parameter will directly influence the effect of temperature control, please be careful to set the value.

Parameters	Codes	Factory Default
Proportion	Р	40
Integral time	I	120
Differential time	D	20
Over-temp alarm	OTP	15℃
Control cycle	HCLE	15
Blower delay	FDLY	180
Temp. unit	UNIT	$^{\circ}$



4.1.5 Intermittent Operation Setting

1) Hold <Menu> for about 2 secs. to set current time and week. Press <Up> or <Down> key to set start/stop function of AUTO timer, the time for RONE intermittent operation, the OFF time of ROFF intermittent operation, the ON time of RON intermittent operation.

4.1.6 One-week Timing Setting

- After current time is set, hold <menu> for about 5 secs, press <Up> or <Down> key to set OFF1 (Mon. off time), OFF2(Tues. off time), OFF3 (Wed. off time), OFF4(Thur. off time), OFF 5(Fri. off time), OFF6(Sat. off time), OFF7(Sun.off time).
- 2) Hold <Menu> for about 7S, press <Up> or <Down> key to set ON1(Mon. start time), ON2(Tues. start time), ON3(Wed. start time), NO4(Thur. start time), ON5(Fri. start time), ON6(Sat. start time), ON7(Sun. start time).

4.1.7 Communication Setting (optional functions)

 Press both <Menu> and <Up> for 3 seconds, it displays "PRO" (communication protocol) setting.

Notes: communication protocol is fixed to Modbus RTU protocol—"RTU".

2) Press <Up> key to enter "ID" (communication address) setting;

Notes: The communication address of every controller in the same system must be the only one, no repeat use. In principle: communication address of dehumidifier 1 is 1, communication address of dehumidifier 2 is 2, and so on.

- 3) Press <Setup> key, the set value flickers, then press <Up> or <Down> key to add or decrease the value.
- 4) Press <Setup> key to confirm the input value;
- 5) Press <Up> key again and again, it displays "Baud" and "PAR" settings, (as below)
- 6) Repeat step 3 and step 4, then confirm the related input parameters.
- 7) Press <Menu> key to return operation menu.

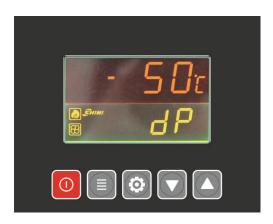


Communication Parameters	Communication Codes	Factory Default
Communication Protocol	PRO	RTU
Communication Address	ld	1(current address)
Baud Rate	Baud	19.2K
PAR	PAR	none
Data Length	Data	8
Stop Bit	Stop	1

4.1.8 Dew-point Setting

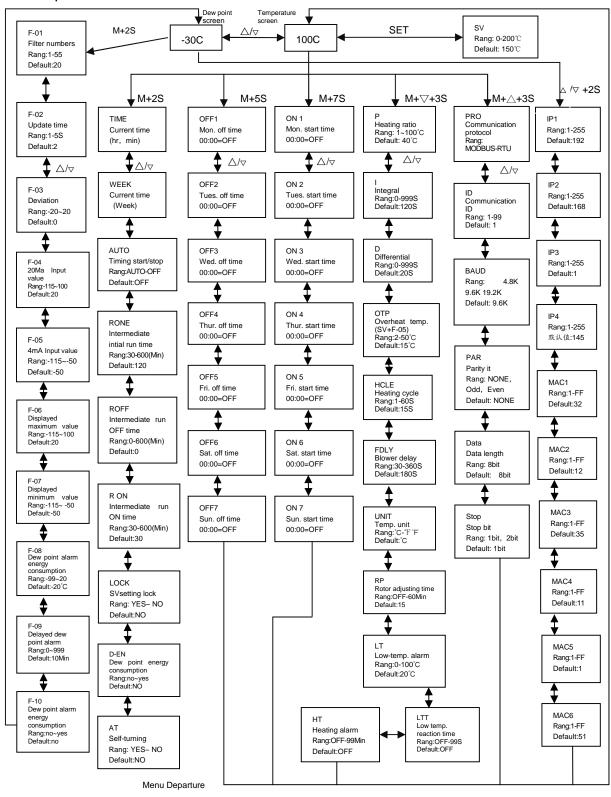
Press the menu key for 2S, and it enters the time setting. Press the up key until you the press D-EN, and select YES to enable dew point function.

When it detected that the dew point monitor is not connected to the controller, which will alarm after delayed the dew point alarm, and the screen will display ----- similarly, the dew point monitor will also give corresponding alarm if the dew point is too high or too low.





4.1.9 Operation Flow





4.1.10 Wrong Codes Remark

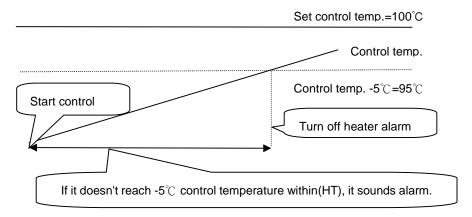


Wrong Codes	Remark
bR	Thermocouple break
оН	Overheat
REV	Temperature sensor reversely connected
oL	Overload
bAT	Battery error
EGO	EGO Over-temp
xATx	Auto-turning error
RP	Rotor switch input error
RST	Three-phase detection error
d-SV	Dew point temp. >Dew point alarm temp.
d-H	Input current>21mA
d-L	Input current<4mA
LT	Low temp. alarm
HT	Heater alarm



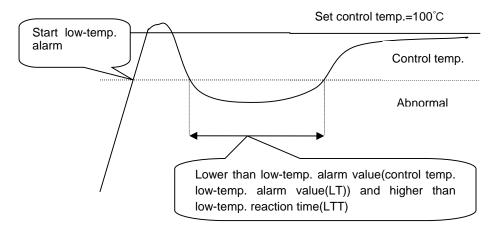
4.1.11 Heater Alarm

- Heater alarm
 In alarm setting time, the Heater will alarm if the control temperature can't reach the range more than 5°C below the setting temperature.
- Heater alarm only works on the control board OFF > ON. Once it reaches the temperature range, the alarm is deactivated.
- 3) It still can control the temperature even it alarms.



4.1.12 Low temp. alarm Setup

- When it reaches the set temperature, the low temperature alarm is activated.
- When the control temperature is lower than the abnormal temperature (control temperature - low temperature alarm temperature (LT) and greater than the low temperature reaction time, the alarm is issued.
- 3) It still can control the temperature even it alarms.



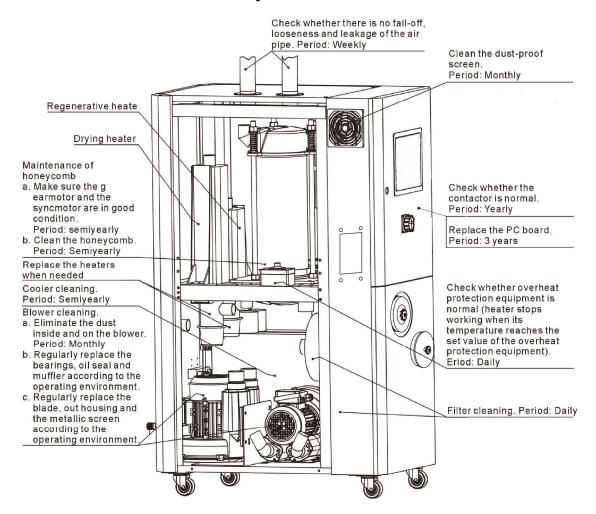


5. Trouble-shooting

Troubles	Possible causes	Solutions
Abnormal temp. fluctuations.	Too short of time since start of the machine. Improper parameters for temp. controller.	Wait for a while. Check the parameters of temp. Controller.
Heater temp. can not rise up.	 Temp. Setting is too high. Contactor of heater is bad. Heater is damaged. Problems of thermocouple. Parameter of temp. controller is set to STOP. Temp. controller output problems. 	 Set heater temp. under 180°C. Replace contactor. Replace pipe heater. Replace thermocouple. Set temp. controller under working mode. Replace or repair temp. controller.
Breaker tripping off when connects with power supply.	 Short circuits of main circuit. Short circuit of transformer. Problems of breaker. 	 Check the circuit. Replace the breaker. Replace the breaker.
Circuit breaker trips right after system switch on.	Blower short circuits Problems of the breaker.	Please check the blower Replace the breaker.
Blower rotating on the contrary with arrow	Blower circuit connection reverse phase.	Exchange two of theel ectrical wires.
Blower not	1. Motor fault.	1. Check and change.
turning	Failures of solenoid switch. Overload jumped.	Change or repair. Check and change.
Blower not rotating and not heating	2. Transformer fault. 3. Micro line trip 4. Power supply fault.	2. Check and change. 3. Check and change. 4. Check if lack of phase.
No temperature for blower runs while	 Lead sheet of heater pipe melted. Magnetic switch fault. Heater fault. Controller fault. Thermocouple fault. 	 Check and change. Check and change. Check and change. Check and change. Change.
The blower can	Lead sheet of heater pipe fault.	1. Check and change.
run but	2. EGO breaked.	2. Check or re-set.
temperature is too	3. Magnetic switch is lack of phase.	3. Check and change.
low	4. Controller is damaged .	4. Change the temperature controller.
The blower can run but temperature is too high	 Hot-air pipe is jam. Controller is fault. Magnetic switch contacts stuck up. 	 Cleaning. Change the controller or adjust PID. Change.



6. Maintenance and Repair





Note!

- Turn off the main switch and control switch and unplug the cord from power supply before service and maintenance.
- 2) Be sure not to modify electrical wiring or reassemble the electrical components inside of the control box.
- Always refer to the electrical diagram of this manual to check and maintain the electrical wiring problems.
- 4) Service and maintenance of the electrical parts should only be carried out by qualified electricians.



6.1 The Useful Life of the Key Parts of the Product

Table 6-1: The Useful Life of The Key Parts of The Product

Name of the parts	Useful life		
Blower	Above 5 years		
Process heater	Above 1 year		
Regen. heater	Above 1 year		
Contactor	Above 2000,000 act		
Honeycomb	5 years		
Filter	1 year		

6.2 Filter

Please periodically clean the dust on the air filters, once per week.

Cleaning steps:

- 1) Take out the air filter carefully.
- 2) Blow off the dust on the air filter screen and the cover with pressure air.
- 3) Wipe off the barrel wall of air filter with dishcloth.
- 4) After cleaning, place all parts in reversed order carefully.
- 5) Please ensue that the filter is well seal with metal frame.







Picture 6-1: Filter

Note: Don't let foreign object enter into the barrel, when taking out the air filter.



6.3 Honeycomb-rotor

6.3.1 What is Honeycomb-rotor?

The main body of the honeycomb-rotor is a honeycomb, made by ceramic fibre and organic additives, sintered under high temperature with molecular sieve and silica gel, to be strongly bonded together and form a solid and hard surface. Not like common molecular sieve, which will produce dusts and fines to pollute raw materials when aging or become saturated requiring regular replacement, the moisture of return air is quickly absorbed by numerous tunnels before coming out of the rotor to form low dew-point air. At the same time, regenerating blower takes dry air into the honeycomb-rotor from an opposite direction to regenerate the rotor.





Picture 6-2: Honeycomb Rotor

6.3.2 Installation of the Rotor (SD-40H~700H)

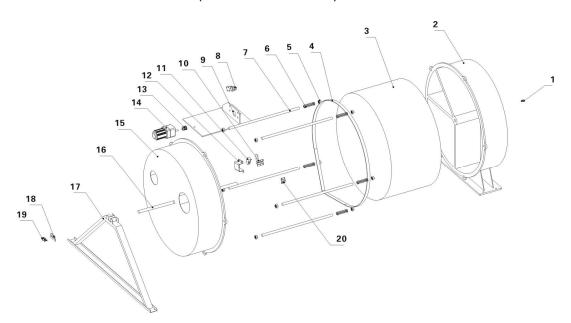


Picture 6-3: Installation of The Rotor (SD-40H~700H)



- The upper and lower lid of honey-comb should install Teflon gasket (Fig. 1).
- 2) Use 4 screws to fix the rotor base on the machine frame firmly, and then install the shaft accordingly (Fig. 2).
- 3) Install the gearmotor and transmission gear (Fig. 4).
- 4) Install and fix the main support screws (Fig. 3).
- 5) Fit the transmission belt in proper position (Fig. 6).
- 6) Install the honeycomb-rotor (Fig. 9) and transmission belt (Fig. 12).
- 7) Fix the rotor top cover (Fig. 8).
- 8) Fit all springs and tighten the screws (Fig. 7).
- Install both the transmission belt (Fig. 13) and belt tension regulator (Fig. 14).
- 10) Install micro-switch and fixed board firmly (Fig. 10).

6.3.3 Installation of the Rotor (SD-1000H~4000H)



Picture 6-4: Installation of The Rotor (SD-1000H~4000H)

- 1) Use one solid strap or applicable washer to lifted or block up to the wheel 3 to align the wheel bearing bore and fixed honeycomb lid 2 center hole.
- 2) Use honeycomb shaft 16 to penetrate the wheel 3 and fixed honeycomb lid 2, and install synchronic belt 4 on the rotor 3.



- Install removable lid 15 on the honeycomb shaft 16, and use honeycomb mounting bracket 17 to sustain the shaft.
- 4) Use inner hexagonal screw 1 to fix the plate 18 on the shaft 16.
- 5) Use hexagonal nut 5, double-headed screw bolt 7 and spring 6 to fix the removable lid 15, which ensures good seal at the ends of the honeycomb-rotor.
- 6) Use fixed iron sheet 20 fixed iron sheet 10 to fix microswitch 10, this ensures that the direction of shell fragment of microswitch 10 is the same as rotating rotor 3, and then install the box of microswitch 12.
- 7) Use two solid straps to fix honeycomb lid 2 and honeycomb mounting bracket 17, then install components on the bracket.
- 8) Install motor cabinet 9 on the bracket, then install gearmotor 14 and synchronic wheel 13 and synchronic belt 4.
- Install belt tightener on the motor cabinet to make belt tightener rotate without slipping.

6.3.4 Honeycomb Cleaning Steps

- 1) Use a vacuum-cleaner with brush to suck up the dust on rotor surface.
- 2) Blow off the dust in the rotor channels with compressed air.
- 3) If there is dirt sticking to the channel walls inside the rotor, cleaning steps as follows:
 - a. Saturate the rotor by blowing humid air (higher than 60%RH) through the rotor without having regeneration circuit on. This can be done by just turning the regeneration heater off and still have the process blower running if process air has high humidity. If the process air is too dry try to put a humidifier in the air stream. Do this for one hour.
 - b. Depending on the character of the dirt, sink the rotor into water with cleaning agent in it (PH value 3~2 liquid is applied to silica gel, PH value 7~10 applied to molecular valve). Greasy dirt should be put into a detergent solution with xylene. 15 minutes cleaning is suggested.
 - c. Take the rotor out of the liquid and let it rest with the channels vertically for 5 minutes so the liquid can run out.
 - d. Blow off the residual liquid in the channels with compressed air.
 - e. Put the rotor back into the dehumidifier and run the unit with regeneration circuit (the regeneration temperature between 50℃ and 60℃) on for at



least one hour.



Note:

- Note that in the dry air and wet air outlets, there will be high concentrations liquid out for some time. If a solvent has been used, there will be a residual smell for several days.
- 2. For some dirt which is greasy and sticky in the rotor, 100% elimination is impossible. The only one thing you can do is to replace the rotor for the cleaned rotor performance can only be recovered partly.

6.4 Cooler

- 1) Clean the cooler and eliminate the leakage regularly.
- Please do the above-mentioned job once a month for cooling by chilled water.
- 3) As for the cooling by normal water, do the same job once a quarter.

Cooler clear step:

- Disassemble the cooler's pipe and screw, and remove the cooler out of the chiller.
- Release the fixed screw on the upper and lower cover of cooler and disassemble the cover.
- 3) Use brushes, compressed ed air or low pressure water to clean the dust and sundries on the cooler fan and copper pipe.

Notes: water residue on the cooler fan and copper pipe should be dried with compressed air.

- 4) Make the cooler's upper and lower cover junction clean enough and smear the silica gel then fixed the covers with screws.
- 5) Put the cooler on the air at least 4 hours to make the silica gel drying enough then fix the cooler on the chiller and connect all pipes.



6.5 EGO



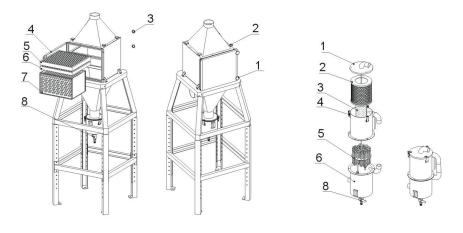
The EGO value has been setting before out factory, Don't modify it.



	Default				
	Value				
Drying	200°C				
Regenerating	200°C				

Picture 6-5: EGO

6.6 Oil Filter Cleaning



EOF-1000~4000

EOF-30~500

Picture 6-6: Oil Filter

- 1. Filter cleaning steps of EOP-30~500:
 - 1) Open snap hook 4, take out tank cover 1, stainless steel filter 2 and activated carbon filter 3.
 - 2) Loose butterfly nut, take out stainless steel filter 2, and remove away dust and oil from it by pressured air.
 - 3) Loose butterfly nut, take out activated carbon filter 3 and replace activated carbon.
 - 4) Open oil storage bin 6, take out cooler 5 and remove away dust and oil from it by pressured air.



- 5) Install oil filter after cleaning.
- 3. Filter cleaning steps of EOF-1000~4000:
 - 1) Loose hexagon nut 1 and open material clearance door 4.
 - 2) Loose hexagon nut 2, take out stainless steel filter 6 and middle efficient filter 5, remove away dust and oil from stainless steel filter and middle efficient filter by pressured air.
 - 3) Loose fixed nut 3, take out cooler 7 and remove away dust and oil from it by pressured air.
 - 4) Install oil filter after cleaning.



6.7 Maintenance Schedule

6.7.1 General Machine Information

Λ	/lodel		SN		Manufactu	re date	
V	/oltage	_Φ	_V	Frequency	Hz	Power	kW
6.7.2	Check A	fter Installa	ation				
	Check that	at pipe conn	ectio	ns are firmed lo	cked by clips	5.	
	Check that	at the piping	syste	em is correct.			
	Check if t	he honeyco	mb-ro	otor is damaged	l or not.		
Е	Electrical In	nstallation					
	Voltage:		V _	Hz			
	Fuse mel	t current: 1	Phas	se A	3 Phases		A
	Check ph	ase sequen	ce of	the power supp	oly.		
	Check the	e rotating di	rectio	n of blower fans	S.		
6.7.3	Daily Ch	ecking					
	Check po	wer supply	wires				
		e start/stop f					
L	Check the	e temperatu	re co	ntroller.			
	Clean the						
				rotection is nor	mal.		
L	—Cneck wr	nether dew-p	ooint	is normai.			
6.7.4	Weekly (Checking					
	Check if t	here are loc	se co	onnections of el	ectrical com	ponents.	
	Check an	d clean air f	ilter.				
		e function of	00.0.	ioia vaivoi			
L	_			y and anti-phas			
L		ether air pip	oe is s	shed, leaked an	d loose.		
6.7.5	Monthly	Checking					
	Check if t	he transmis	sion b	oelt is loose or r	not.		
		=		gear motor.			
		here are lea	kage	s in honeycomb	-rotor.		



Check if there are damages of heat-resistant hoses. Check the pipe heaters. Check regen./process blower and blower fans. Check whether honey-comb rotor belt is damaged. Clean the cooler. 6.7.7 Yearly Checking Check whether the contactor is normal 1. 6.7.8 3 year Checking PC board renewal. No fuse breaker renewal.

Note: 1. Manufacturer laboratory data for AC contactor is two million times in life. we suggest service life for one million four hundred thousand times, if work eight hours per day, recommended replacing frequency is 1.5 years, if work day and night, replacement is suggested to be done every six months.