SIC-W-R2 CFC-free Refrigerant Water-cooled Water Chiller

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1. General Description

Read this manual carefully before operation to prevent damage of the machine or personal injuries.

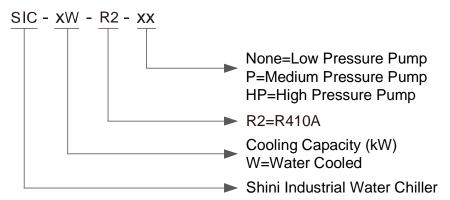
SIC-W-R2 series of water-cooled water chiller adopts water tower cooling method, and has compressor overheat protector, pump overload protector, phase reverse and shortage alarm, anti-freezing protector, and high and low pressure switch protector to ensure stable machine performance and long service life. It can cool down quickly and control the temperature stably, and the RS485 communication interface can meet the customer's demands. This series of product mainly uses the heating and cooling exchange principle to work, which is suitable for cooling in modern industry and is an indispensable in the application.



Picture 1-1: SIC-W-R2



1.1 Coding Principle



1.2 Main Features

- I Cooling range 7~25°C;
- I R410A ozone-friendly refrigerant with a high efficient cooling result;
- Plate evaporator ensures efficient heat exchanging, with a anti-icing device;
- A well-known compressor that ensures low noise, energy-efficient, and long service life;
- I The refrigerating system has high and low pressure transmitter to read the system pressure accurately for better control and protection;
- I Circular stainless steel thermal insulated water tank, and unique cyclone
- I design thermal insulated water in stainless for even distribution of chilling water;
- Adopt high precision temperature controller with a display precision of ±0.1°C;
- I It has a hot-gas bypass valve with a control accuracy of up to ±0.1°C;
- RS485 communication interface to realize centralized monitoring;
- I Water loop with a return water filter that adopts PVC-U water pipe to ensure the cleanliness of the water quality.
- I The inlet and outlet pipe adopt an adaptive bypass valve to ensure stable outlet water pressure.
- I Equipped with a flow switch to avoid the unit from operation without water flow:
- I The standard water tank level indicator for visualizing check of the water level;



I Compact outline and small foot;

1.3 Accessory Option

- I High pressure pumps (about 4kgf /cm2) are optional to meet any pressure requirements.
- Level sensor is optional to detect whether the water level is normal in the water tank;
- I The liquid pipe solenoid valve is opted to cut off the liquid and gas refrigerant pipeline during shutdown as to reduce the liquid hammer risks;
- Level sensor can be opted to detect the refrigerant and ensure its quality and water ratio.

All service work should be carried out by a person with technical training or corresponding professional experience. The manual contains instructions for both handling and servicing. Chapter 6, which contains service instructions intended for service engineers. Other chapters contain instructions for the daily operator.

Any modifications of the machine must be approved by SHINI in order to avoid personal injury and damage to machine. We shall not be liable for any damage caused by unauthorized change of the machine.

Our company provides excellent after-sales service. Should you have any problem during using the machine, please contact the company or the local vendor.

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1.4 Safety Regulation

The user must conform to the following safety rules when operating the machine.

1.4.1 Safety Regulations



Attention!

Installation of the device is allowed only to the professional electrician. Before maintaining and repairing the device, be sure to turn off the main switch and control switch.



Warning!

High Voltage!

This label is posted on enclosure of the electrical control cabinet!



Warning!

Be careful!

Pay more attentions at the places where this sign is attached!



Attention!

Drain the water inside when power off at the cold day to avoid freezing!



Attention!

No need for regular inspection because all the electrical parts in the control unit are fixed tightly!



1.4.2 Signs and Labels

YP30425000000	Pump pressure gauge: display actual pressure of cold water system.
YP30422000000	Cold water return port (return from the mould)
YP30423000000	Cold water export (to the mould)
Δ ₀	Purified water filling port
YP30429000000	Water tank, plate exchanger and filter discharge port
YP30402000000	Overflow port
	Level indicator



1.5 Exemption Clause

The following statements clarify the responsibilities and regulations born by any buyer or user who purchases products and accessories from Shini (including employees and agents).

Shini is exempted from liability for any costs, fees, claims and losses caused by reasons below:

- Any careless or man-made installations, operation and maintenances upon machines without referring to the Manual prior to machine using.
- 2) Any incidents beyond human reasonable controls, which include man-made vicious or deliberate damages or abnormal power, and machine faults caused by irresistible natural disasters including fire, flood, storm and earthquake.
- Any operational actions that are not authorized by Shini upon machine, including adding or replacing accessories, dismantling, delivering or repairing.
- 4) Employing consumables or oil media that are not appointed by Shini.

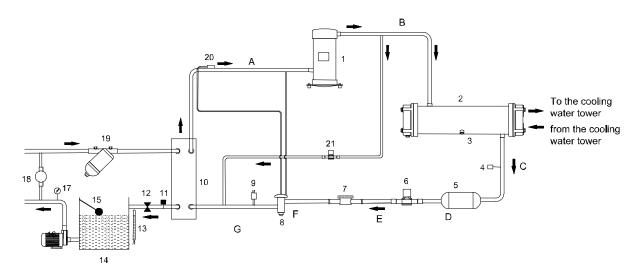


2. Structural Features and Working Principle

2.1 Main Function

SIC-W-R2 water-cooled water chiller mainly comprised of the compressor, condenser, thermal expansion valve and the evaporator, which transforms from gas or liquid refrigerant by water tower cooling, and adopts heat absorbing and releasing to achieve the refrigerating effect.

2.1.1 Working Principle



1.Compressor 2. Shell and tube condenser 3. Fusible plug 4. High pressure monitor 5. Drying filter 6. Liquid pipe solenoid valve (option) 7. Liquid indicator 8. Expansion valve 9.Low pressure transmitter (option) 11.Flow switch 10. Plate evaporator 12. Flow adjusting ball valve 13.Water tank level sensor 14.Water tank 15.Float ball switch 16.Pump 17.Water pressure gauge 18. Bypass valve 19. Disc filter 20. Expansion valve thermocouple 21. Hot gas bypass valve

Picture 2-1: Working Principle

After the water-cooled water chiller SIC-W-R2 is powered on and cooling water loop is started, press button 16 ○ to turn on the water pump firstly, and then press button ○ to start the compressor 1 after water system circulation. The compressor 1 starts to work, the solenoid valve 7 opens, and the refrigerant



changes the low-temp. and low-pressure gas into high-temp. and high-pressure gas under the action of compressor 1, which enters the condenser 2 in the BC direction. Under the action of cooling water circulation, it will accelerate heat exchange with the water, and the refrigerant is changed from gaseous state to liquid state, meanwhile the heat is taken away by the air; In the C-D-E-F process, the liquid refrigerant from the condenser 3 passes through the drying filter 5, which is reached the expansion valve 8 through the liquid pipe solenoid valve 6 and liquid indicator 7 after drying and impurities filtering. In the F-G process, the high-pressure liquid refrigerant is depressurized by the thermal expansion valve 8 to decrease the temperature. In the G-A process, the low temp. and low-pressure refrigerant exchanges heat with the chilled water through the evaporator 10 to make chilled water reach the set temp.; The low-temp. gas refrigerant from the evaporator 10 will return to the compressor 1, and so on.

2.2 Main Components and Function

2.2.1 Compressor

- The low temp. and low pressure refrigerant air that sucked by the compressor, and the high temp. and high pressure refrigerant gas that discharged through the copper outlet pipe is the heart of the refrigerant system.
- 2) Our company uses the Copeland scroll compressor.



Picture 2-2: Compressor

2.2.2 Fin-style Condenser

1) It is the component to discharge the heat. The refrigerant absorbs the heat and discharges it through the condenser.



Our company's air-cooled water chiller uses the female thread fin-style condenser.



Picture 2-3: Tube-in-shell Condenser

2.2.3 Drying Filter

- 1) Drying filter's function: Remove impurities in the refrigerant, absorb the free moisture in the refrigerant, and prevent blockage at the narrow section of the pipeline (especially at the valve port of thermal expansion valve).
- 2) The filter size is usually opted according to the water chiller's refrigerating capacity and refrigerant pipe diameter.
- 3) It is set in front of thermal expansion valve and liquid pipe solenoid valve.



Picture 2-4: Drying filter

2.2.4 Thermal Expansion Valve

- 1) The thermal expansion valve throttles and depressurizes the refrigerant and regulates the refrigerant flow into the evaporator.
- 2) Install in front of the evaporator.





Picture 2-5: Thermal Expansion Valve

2.2.5 Evaporator

- 1) Evaporator (plate exchange) is a device that outputs the refrigerating capacity. The refrigerant absorbs the water heat in the evaporator to achieve the refrigerating purpose.
- 2) Adopt plate evaporator that largely improves the heat transfer efficiency.



Picture 2-6: Evaporator

2.2.6 High and Low Pressure Sensor

- The high and low pressure sensors are used to detect the working pressure of the compressor's suction air inlet and outlet.
- 2) It breaks when the high pressure is set as 4.0MPa, and it closes when the pressure is 2.5MPa; It breaks when the low pressure is 0.4MPa, and it closes when the pressure is 0.6MPa.
- 3) When the side high pressure is higher than 4.0Mpa, or the side low pressure is lower than 0.4MPa, the controller will alarm and the machine will stop running.





Picture 2-7: High and Low Pressure Sensor

2.2.7 Refrigerant Indicator (Option)



Picture 2-8: Refrigerant Indicator

- 1) Used to observe the refrigerant state at this position;
- 2) Used to observe the water content of the system;
- 3) Install in front of the expansion valve;

2.2.8 Liquid Pipe Solenoid Valve (option)



Picture 2-9: Liquid Pipe Solenoid Valve

- 1) Cut off the refrigerant circuit immediately after the machine stops.
- 2) Install in front of the expansion valve



2.2.9 Hot-gas By-pass Valve



Picture 2-10: Hot-gas By-pass Valve

- Used to by-pass the refrigerant gas when it gets close to the set temperature as to avoid compressor frequent start and achieve accurate temperature control;
- 2) Install on the connecting pipe between the compressor outlet and expansion valve outlet.

2.2.10 Single-way pressure release valve



Picture 2-11: Single-way pressure release valve

The single-way pressure release valve works through the spring force; When the system pressure is smaller than the set pressure, the diaphragm will block the pipeline under the action of spring force; When the system pressure is greater than the set pressure, the diaphragm compresses the spring, the pipeline is connected, and the liquid passes through the pressure release valve.

2.2.11 Disk Filter





Picture 2-12: Disk Filter

The disk filter is composed of the valve core and valve body. When filtering, press the disk tightly, the water flows through the disk, and the impurities are kept out of the disk or between the grooves, thus achieving the filtering purpose. The disk filter has deep filtering function and excellent blocking function, which features easy operation and maintenance.

2.2.12 Flow Switch



Picture 2-13: Flow Switch

- The flow switch can be used to check whether the chilled water flow is sufficient.
- 2) Install on the water pipeline between the evaporator and water tank.

2.2.13 Water Tank Refrigerant Indicator





Picture 2-14: Refrigerant Indicator

Through the water tank refrigerant indicator, it can check whether the water level in the water is in normal range.



3. Installation and Debugging

Note:

Before installation, please read this chapter carefully and install according to the procedures as follows!

3.1 Machine Positioning

- 1) When installing the machine, make sure to leave enough space for installation (reserve at least 500mm around the machine). It is inconvenient for machine operation, inspection and maintenance when it is installed in a narrow space.
- 2) Don't set on the machine or place objects on it.
- 3) Keep the machine away flammable and explosive goods.

3.2 Power Connection

- Make sure the voltage and frequency of the power source comply with those indicated on the manufacturer nameplate that attached to the machine.
- 2) Power cable and earth connection should conform to your local regulations.
- 3) Use independent electrical wires and power switch. Diameter of electrical wire should not be less than those used in the control box.
- 4) The power cable connection terminals should be tightened securely.
- 5) The machine requires 3-phase 4-wire power source, connect the power lead (L1, L2, L3) to the live wires, and the earth (PE) to the ground.
- 6) Power supply requirements:

Main power voltage: +/- 5%

Main power frequency: +/- 2%

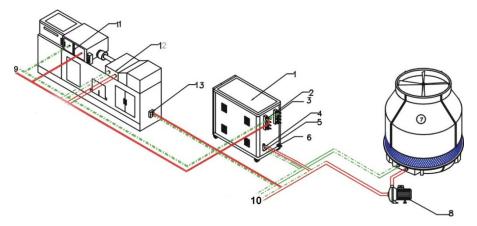
7) Please refer to electrical drawing of each model to get the detailed power supply specifications

Power connection must be conducted by professional electricians!

Do not change the circuit of the water chiller without our company's authority. If the machine is damaged by unauthorized change we are not responsible for this.



3.3 Installation Diagram



Names of Parts:

- 1. Water chiller
- 4. Cooling water outlet
- 7. Cooling water tower
- 10. Cooling water circulation
- 13. Oil cooling

- 2. Chilled water outlet
- 5. Cooling water inlet
- 8. Cooling water pump
- 11. Mould cooling

- 3. Chilled water inlet
- 6. Drainage port
- 9. Chilled water circulation
- 12. Cooling barrel

Picture 3-1: Machine Installation Location

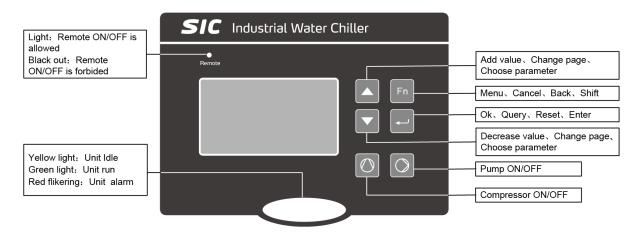
Notices for Installation:

- Install the pipe system according to the wiring diagram, and take insulation measures of the chilled water pipes with thermal insulated materials.
- 2) Install the drain valve at the lowest point of the chilled water circulating system.
- 3) As the water source quality is poor, it must clean the filter in the chilled water loop regularly.
- 4) Install the pipes and test is for leakage. The chilled water loop must be covered with insulation layer to avoid refrigerant losses and pipe drips.



4. Application and Operation

4.1 Panel Description



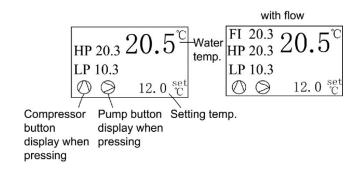
Picture 4-1: Panel Description

4.1.1 Common Interface

The common interfaces include main interface and alarm interface.

Main Interface

After the countdown, the main interface will be displayed as follows:



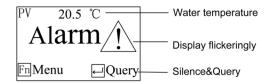
In the main interface, press the to quickly check the pressure, flow value and temperature quickly, and press to quickly check the temperature, flow and pressure, as shown below:



Water temp.	20.0℃
Ambient temp.	25.0℃
Anti-freezing ten	np. 8.0°C
FnReturn	(1/2)

2. Alarm Interface

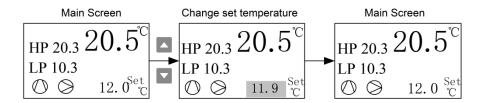
When the unit fails, the alarm interface is as follows:



4.1.2 Common Operation

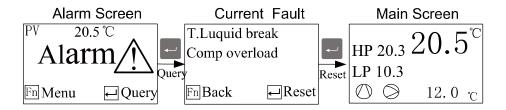
1. Quickly modify the set temperature

If the user parameter [lock temp.] is set to "No", the set temp. can be directly modified in the main interface, and the operation is as follows:



Note: It can also modify the set temperature in the user parameters.

2. Query / Reset Fault



4.1.3 User Menu

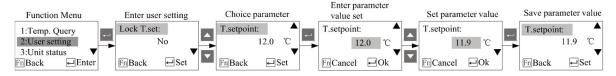
In the main interface, press key to enter the function menu, which has five items as below:



No.	Menu Item	Function	Remark
1	User setting	Setting user parameters	Refer to 6.2 User Parameter Table for the number and meaning of each parameter.
2	Machine unit status	Display current status of the machine units	No display of the current value when not use the current module.
3	Instrument	Set the language, backlight, time, communication configuration and other information	
4	Temp. query The water temp. and anti-freeze temp. can be queried.		If it only detects the water temp., there's no display of the menu item.
5	Pressure flow query	The sensor flow value, water pressure, high pressure and low pressure can be queried.	The menu item is not displayed when both flow and water pressure is "disabled".

4.1.4 Parameter Operation

Parameter value modification and operation, and take the operation and modification of the set temperature as an example.



4.1.5 User Setting

The meaning of each parameter in user parameters is as follows:

No.	Parameter Name	Factory Default	Setting Range	Remarks
1	Lock the temp.	No	Yes~No	Yes: After locking, it can't modify the set temp. on the main interface. No: It can set the temp. on the main interface.
2	Set the temp.	20.0℃	5.0~30.0℃	The setting range is limited by the manufacturer's parameters [set temp. upper limit] and [set temp. lower limit].
3	Start method	Local	Local: local + remote; remote	Local: The unit can only be started / stopped locally. Local + remote: Both local and remote control can start and stop the unit. Remote: The unit can only be started and stopped remotely.

4.1.6 Instrument Setting

There are six items in the instrument setting, as shown in the table below:



No.	Name	Functions	Remarks
1	Language	Set the language for the interface display.	
2	Backlight time	When there is no key operation beyond the set time, the backlight will be turned off. The settable range is 0-255 mins.	When it is set to 0, the backlight is not turned off.
3	Using time	Check the total service time of the compressor.	
4	Instrument Information	Check the instrument version.	
5	Current time	Check and set the time.	
6	Comms setup	Set comm. baud rate (9600), check bit (-), stop bit (1) and comm. address.	

4.1.7 Clock Setting



Notes: When setting the clock, press key to exit the clock setting quickly, and save the parameters being set when exiting.



Attention!

Don't try to enter any other parameter settings. Otherwise, if you modify any other parameter values accidently, it will cause machine abnormality.

4.2 Startup Steps

1) Turn on the main power switch to "ON".

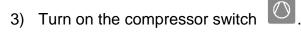


Open



Picture 4-1: Startup Step 1

2) Turn on the pump switch







The running direction of the pump must be correct.



Notes

Please confirm to start the chilled water pump before startup; Check the water tank of the chiller, and don't operate the system without water. Otherwise, our company will not be responsible for the machine damage.



Notes

In order to reduce the damage to the machine and prolong its life span, please start the machine according to the correct steps.



Note

The compressor can't be started frequently due to its characteristics (frequent start and stop will affect the service life), so the compressor will delay 3 mins. before its start after turned on the pump. The temperature controller parameters have been set, which shall not be adjusted freely.

4.3 Shutdown Steps

1) Turn off the pump switch



- Turn off the pump switch . If using quick molding cycle and low cooling water temperature, keep the pump continuous running till the mold temperature rises to a non-condensing temperature, and then turn off the pump switch.
- Turn the main power switch to OFF.





OFF



Note

When the main power switch is at ON position, please be careful of the electric shock hazard.



Note

In order to reduce the damage to the machine and prolong its life span, please turn off the machine according to the correct steps.



5. Troubleshooting

Faulta	The Action of the	The Possible Fault	Calutiana	
Faults	Protection Units	Analysis	Solutions	
1. No power display or phase reverse	The protective device can't work	Power is not on. The control circuit fused The phase sequence of power line is reversed The main power or circuit failure.	Check before power is on. Check the protection loop. Replace any two of the power incoming wires. Check or replace.	
2. Pump overload	Loader trips	High transient current Pump failure Pump loader failure A. High transient current	Reset the loader. Repair or replace Repair or replace A. Reset the loader	
3. Compress or overload	Loader trips	B. Compressor failure C. Compressor loader failure	B. Repair and replace C. Repair and replace	
4. Over high- pressure	High-pressure switch trips	The air temp. around the machine continued to rise significantly. The local ambient temp. is too high Too much dust on the condenser Drying filter blocked The opening of the expansion valve is too small Expansion valve fault. Fan fault High-pressure controller fault. Condenser direct sun light The liquid solenoid valve not opened.	A. Place the machine in a well ventilated place or discharge the hot air from the fan. B. Decrease the air temperature around the machine. C. Clean the condenser. D. Replace the drying filter. E. Adjust the opening properly. F. Repair and replace G. Repair and replace H. Repair and replace I. Protect the condenser from direct sunlight. J. Repair the circuit and coil and troubleshoot.	



	т		T
5. Low high-pressur e	Protective device no action	Insufficient refrigerant The compressor valve plate is damaged. C. The ambient temperature is too low.	 A. Check the system pipe, weld the pipe and refill the refrigerant. B. Repair and replace C. Block part of the condenser to ensure the high pressure above 27bar.
6. Low low-pressure	Low-pressure switch trips.	A. Insufficient refrigerant B. Drying filter blocked. The opening of the expansion valve is too small. Expansion valve fault. Low pressure controller fault. The liquid solenoid valve not opened.	A. Check the system pipe, weld the pipe and refill the refrigerant. B. Replace the drying filter. C. Adjust the opening properly D. Repair and replace E. Repair and replace F. Repair the circuit and coil and troubleshoot.
7. Low high-pressur e	Protective device no action	Too large cooling load. Compressor capacity reduced. The opening of the expansion valve is too large. The refrigerant is overfilled.	Adjust the load. Repair and replace C. Adjust the opening properly D. Discharge part of the refrigerant.
8. Compressor overload	Protective device no action	The heat of the return pipe refrigerant is too high. The high pressure is too high. The low pressure is too low.	Adjust the opening of the expansion valve properly. Repair and improve C. Repair and improve
9. Return air pipe and compressor shell condensed	Protective device no action	The chilled water temp. is set too low. The expansion valve opening is too small. Too little refrigerant. The thermal load is too small. Poor evaporator heat transfer effect	Adjust the chilled water temp. B. Adjust the opening of the expansion valve properly. Check the system pipe, weld the pipe and refill the refrigerant. Increase the heat load. E. Clean the evaporator.



10.Compres sor no start or tripped after startup	Protective device no action	Power wire breaks or abnormal voltage Improperly setting of the temperature controller. Overload protector not reset.	Check and connect the wire according to specifications. Reset the temperature controller. C. Reset the overload protector.
11.Anti-freez ing switch alarm	Anti-freezing switch trips	A Low water temperature due to low amount of the chilled water. The temperature switch is set too low or fault. Anti-freezing switch is set improperly or fault.	Repair the water pump and remove the air from the water pipe Correct the set point or replace. Check, and repair.
12.Refrigerat ing capacity can't reach the standard	Protective device no action	Air in the chilled water system. Abnormal chilled water volume and refilling water. Abnormal fan running. Filter blocked. Improperly setting of the chilled water pump. The chilled water pipe is not configured as standard. Poor heat exchange of the evaporator and condenser. Expansion valve blocked. Too much or too little refrigerant.	Discharge the air. Control the water level of the refilling tank. Repair Clean the filter. Properly select the water pump meeting the standard (flow and lift). Configure the chilled water pipe as the standard. Clean the evaporator and condenser. Replace after repair. The refrigerant is controlled at the appropriate filling amount.
13. Water temp. probe breaks	Controller shows the water temp. probe breaks	A.The probe broken or loose wiring.	A. Check whether the temp. probe is in good contact.
14.Anti-freez ing probe breaks	Controller shows the anti-freezing probe breaks	A.The probe broken or loose wiring.	A. Check whether the temp. probe is in good contact.



15.Ambient temp. probe breaks	Controller shows the ambient temp. probe breaks	A. The probe broken or loose wiring.	A. Check whether the temp. probe is in good contact.
16. Too high ambient temp.	Controller shows the ambient temp. is too high.	A.The ambient temp. is higher than the set value of ambient temp. overheat alarm.	A.Check whether the ambient temp. is higher than the set value of ambient temp. overheat alarm.
17.Too low ambient temp.	Controller shows the ambient temp. is too low.	A. The ambient temp. is lower than the set value of too low ambient temp. alarm.	A. Check whether the ambient temp. is lower than the set value of too low ambient temp. alarm
18.Too low water temp.	Controller shows the water temp. is too low.	A. The water temp. is lower than the set value of low temp. protection.	A. Check whether the water temp. is lower than the set value of low temp. protection.
19.Too high water temp.	Controller shows the water temp. is too high.	A.The water temp. is higher than the set value of low temp. protection.	A. Check whether the water temp. is higher than the set value of overheat protection.
20.Too low anti-freezing temp.	Controller shows the alarm of anti-freezing temp.	A. The anti-freezing temp. is lower than the set value of anti-freezing temp. alarm.	A. Check whether the water temp. is higher than the set value of anti-freezing alarm.



6. Repair and Maintenance

Check whether the displayer and buttons work normally. Cycle: Daily

Check whether the pressure value is kept around the target value.
Cycle: Daily

Check whether the bypass solenoid valve can open normally and whether there is abnormal sound and vibration.
Cycle: Daily;

Check whether it is blocked or fully opened (the water pressure is abnormal, and the system water flow is abnormal). If it is blocked, remove the valve body and clean the diaphragm. Discharge cycle: Weekly;

Check whether there are bubbles in the sight glass, and whether the moisture indicator color exceeds the standard. If it exceeds the standard, replace the dry filter.

Cycle: Monthly

Check whether there is abnormal noise and vibration during the compressor operation. To avoid hand hurt as the compressor bottom, the bottom temperature can't exceed 50 °c. Cycle: Daily

Check whether the water system has leakage or is abnormal;
Discharge cycle: monthly;

Check whether there is abnormal noise and vibration during pump operation. The pump surface temperature shall not exceed 70 °C. Cycle: Daily;

Check the water tank inside has been polluted or scaled, and whether the water quality is turbid and polluted; Cycle: monthly;



Attention!

All repair work should be done by qualified personnel only to avoid damage to the machine or personnel injury.



In order to operate the machine rightly and safely, please caution the matter follows:

- Don't turn off the main power switch to stop the machine, except emergency situation.
- When machine shuts down and gives alarms, press the main power switch of the machine first (the alarm light goes out), and then check the cause of the fault. Don't start the machine forcibly before troubleshooting.
- 3) Please check periodically to prolong the machine's service life and prevent the safety accident.
- 4) The water used in the system must have water treatment, because the high alkaline water will accelerate the corrosion of the copper pipe, and reduce the service life of the heat exchanger. The PH value of water is in the range of 7.0-8.5.
- 5) Keep the machine room dry, clean and well ventilated.
- 6) The operation and service of the machine should be done by qualified technician only

(Please take notice that the disassembly and the inspection of the machines are hazardous when the machines are running!)

6.1 Components Maintenance

6.1.1 Condenser

The SIC-W-R2 series adopts tube-in-shell condenser. In the use process, it will inevitably adhere to dust and sundries, which reduces the heat exchange rate. The condenser should be cleaned regularly so that the machine can run stably.

If the cooling water has been under water treatment, it is advised that firstly use hydrogen peroxide to kill bacteria and then use a high pressure water rifle to flush it, at last check whether there is still scale. If the cooling water is not processed under water treatment, clean it with citric acid and sulfamic acid along with inhibiter, and then flush it with a high pressure water rifle. Passivation is need after acid washing, and the passivator can be purchased for relevant treatment.



Attention!

Do the cleaning work every half-year in the environment with little dust, but you must do the work every month in the environment



with a great deal of dusts, and under the severe environment you had better see the situation to do the work.

6.1.2 Evaporator

The inner flank of the heat emission pipe will pile up a great deal of water scale after a long time use of the evaporator, which will influence the heat emission effect, so it is necessary to clean the evaporator at fixed periods in order to keep its working performance. If the circulation has been under water treatment, it is advised that firstly use hydrogen peroxide to kill bacteria and then use a high pressure water rifle to flush it, at last check whether there is still scale. If the circulation is not processed under water treatment, clean it with citric acid and sulfamic acid along with inhibiter, and then flush it with a high pressure water rifle. Passivation is need after acid washing, and the passivator can be purchased for relevant treatment.

The cleaning of the evaporator:

- 1) Connect the inlet and outlet of the machine's chilled water with a hose.
- 2) Mix the bactericide and water in a certain proportion (The specific proportion should be mixed according to the requirements) into a solution, pour it into the machine water tank, and start to clean the pump of the machine.
- 3) After cleaning and removing the bactericide solution, it's necessary to add running water into the water tank for several times and clean repeatedly to ensure that there is no residual bactericide solution in the system.

6.1.3 Disk Filter

After using the built-in disk filter in the water system for a period of time, it must be cleaned, and the displayer will have clear indication. At this time, please remove the machine's side plate, and open the manual valve at the drain outlet of the disk filter to discharge for 5 minutes. After treatment, close the manual valve at the filter drain outlet, and restore the side plate to run the water chiller continuously.



Attention!

In the environment of temperature below 0°C, when shut down or store the machine, drain the water in the water tank through the



outlet. If the evaporator freezes, it needs to melt the ice before startup.

6.2 Maintenance Schedule

6.2.1 About	the Machin	e				
Model			SN		Production Date	
Voltage _	Φ	V	Frequency	_ Hz	Total power	kV
6.2.2 Check	cafter Insta	llatic	n			
□Check t	he pipes ar	e all	correctly connec	ted.		
☐Check if	f there are I	eaka	ages in the piping	syster	n.	
Check in	f there are b	oreal	ks in the welding	joint.		
Electrical I	nstallation					
□Voltage	:	٧	Hz			
☐Fuse sp	ecification:	1pl	nase A	3 ph	nase A	
□Check p	hase sequ	ence	of power supply			
6.2.3 Daily	Checking					
Check s	switch funct	ions				
Check a	all the electr	ical	wires.			
☐Check v	vhether pre	ssur	e gauges are acc	curate.		
□Check v	vhether con	npre	ssor temperature	is nor	mal.	
□Check v	vhether coo	ling	water circulation	is norn	nal.	
6.2.4 Week	ly Checking	l				
Check 6	electrical co	nne	ctions.			
□Check p	protection &	alar	m function of the	water	chiller.	
☐Check v	vhether set	poin	t of high-low pres	ssure s	witch is normal.	
6.2.5 Month	nly Checking	9				
Check v	whether the	circ	ulation pipeline h	as leak	age.	
☐Check v	vhether the	re ar	e bubbles in liqui	d indic	ator.	



Check whether there is abnormal sound in pump.
☐ Check whether there is scale formation in tank.
6.2.6 Tri-monthly Checking
Check whether condenser is under blockage.
6.2.7 Half-yearly Checking
\square Check and clean the filter and expansion valve.
☐ Check system performance.
☐Clean condenser.
6.2.8 Yearly Checking
Check whether the contactor is normal.
6.2.9 3-year Checking
□PC board renewal.
□No fuse breaker renewal.



Appendix:

SIC-W-R2 Comm. Address Table

Address (holding registers) (decimal system)	Parameters unit running status 0: idle 1: ready to start	Read R/ Write W	Default Parameters	Minimu m	Minimu m	Unit	Remarks
	2: running 3: delayed shutdown 4: fault						
2	switching value input status 1 bit 0 remote input bit 1 compressor 1 high pressure bit 2 compressor 1 low pressure bit 3 compressor 1 overload bit 4 Circulating pump overload bit 5 Blower 1 overload bit 6 Water level switch bit 7 Water flow switch bit 8 Anti-freezing switch bit 9 3 phase power switch bit 10 compressor 2 high pressure bit 11 compressor 2 low pressure bit 12 compressor 2 overload bit 13 blower 2 overload	R	/	0	1	/	0: no fault, 1: fault
3	relay status bit 0 blower 2 bit 1 compressor 2	R	/	0	1	/	0: close, 1: open

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	bit 2 bypass valve						
	bit 3 High and low speed						
	switching						
	bit 4 blower 1						
	bit 5 compressor 1						
	bit 6 circulating pump						
	bit 7 alarm						
	Fault info.1						
	bit 0 compressor 1						
	high pressure						
	bit 1 compressor 1						
	low pressure						
	bit 2 compressor 1					/	0 ∶ no fault, 1 ∶ fault
	overload						
	bit 3 water level fault	R		0			
	bit 4 water flow fault						
	bit 5 circulating pump						
	overload						
	bit 6 blower 1 overload						
4	bit 7 anti-freezing fault				1		
	bit 8 power fault						
	bit 9 Too low liquid temp.						
	bit 10 Too high liquid temp.						
	bit 11 L iquid temp. probe						
	breaks						
	bit 12 Liquid temp. probe						
	short circuit						
	bit 13 Abnormal parameters						
	bit 14 Compressor running timeout						
	bit 15 Too high ambient temp.						
	Fault info. 2						
	bit 0 Ambient temp. probe						
	breaks						
	bit 1 Ambient temp. probe						
	short circuit						0 : no
5	bit 2 anti-freezing probe breaks	R	/	0	1	/	fault,
	bit 3 anti-freezing probe						1:fault
	short circuit						
	bit 4 Too low anti-freezing						
	temp.						
	temp.			I .	1	<u> </u>	

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	bit 5 compressor 2						
	high pressure						
	bit 6 compressor 2						
	low pressure						
	bit 7 compressor 2						
	overload						
	bit 8 blower 2						
	overload						
	Fault info.3						0:no
6		R	/	0	1	/	fault,
	backup						1: fault
	Liquid temp. (water outlet					Unit:	
7	temp. C)	R	/			0.1°C	
	Liquid temp. (water outlet temp.					Unit:	
8	F)	R	/			0.1°C	
						Unit:	
9	Ambient temp.	R	/			0.1°C	
						Unit:	
10	Ambient temp.	R	/			0.1°C	
						Unit:	
11	Anti-freezing temp.	R	/			0.1°C	
						Unit:	
12	Anti-freezing temp.	R	/			0.1°C	
13	backup	R	/			/	
14	backup	R	/			/	
15	backup	R	/			/	
	·						
							1: valid,
512	Pump start command	W	/	0	1	/	
							0: invalid
513	Compressor start command	W	/	0	1	/	1: valid,
	'						0: invalid
514	Muting command	W	/	0	1	,	1: valid,
514	Muting command	VV	/	0	1	/	0: invalid
							1: valid,
515	Reset command	W	/	0	1	/	0: invalid
							0: Invalid 0: Able to
							modify
							the set
1024	Locking temp.	R/W	/	0	1	/	temp. on
							the main
							screen.
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1025	Setting temp.	R/W	/	min	max	°C	min=[set lower temp. limit] max=[se t upper temp. limit]
1026	Setting temp.	R/W	/	min	max	°F	min=[set lower temp. limit] max=[se t upper temp. limit]
1027	Start/stop method	R/W	/	0	2	/	0: local Unit ON/OFF can only be controlle d locally
1028	Backlight off time	R/W	/	0	255	Min.	-
1029	Multilingual	R/W	1	0	1	/	